

Grammar review

Relative clauses

Who / whom / whose / which / where / when

- The children **who / that** arrived late were punished – defining (especificativa)

Podemos omitir el pronombre relativo si es **who / which** y si no es el sujeto de la oración de relativo

Who/which se pueden sustituir por **that** (sobre todo en estilo informal)

This is the dress (**which/that**) I bought last week

- The children, **who** arrived late, were punished – non-defining (explicativa)

Entre comas. Ni se puede omitir el relativo ni se sustituye por **that**

Examples

That is my sister **who** lives in Paris

That is the girl **whose** brother is my friend

This is the girl **who(m)** I met two weeks ago

This is the dress **which** is my favourite

That is the place **where** we met

That was the year **when** we met

I am waiting for **that** girl

This is the girl for **whom** I was waiting - formal

This is the girl (**who/that**) I was waiting for – informal

I told you about my dress

This is the dress about **which** I told you (formal)

This is the dress **which** I told you about (informal)

I am talking to a boy

This is the boy to **whom** I am talking (formal)

This is the boy (**who/whom/that**) I am talking to (informal)